

Assessment Policy



Woodlands Federation

September 2022

To be reviewed September 2023

1 Introduction

- 1.1** We believe that effective assessment provides information to improve teaching and learning. We give our children regular feedback on their learning so that they understand what it is that they need to do better. This allows us to base our lesson plans on a detailed knowledge of each pupil. We give parents regular reports on their child's progress so that teachers, children and parents are all working together to raise standards for all our children.

2 Aims and objectives

- 2.1** The aims and objectives of assessment in our school are:
- to enable our children to demonstrate what they know, understand and can do in their work;
 - to help our children understand what they need to do next to improve their work;
 - to allow teachers to plan work that accurately reflects the needs of each child;
 - to provide regular information for parents that enables them to support their child's learning;
 - to provide the headteacher and governors with information that allows them to make judgements about the effectiveness of the school.

3 Planning for assessment

- 3.1** We use our school's curriculum plan to guide our teaching. In this plan we set out the school's curriculum and give details of what is to be taught to each year group. Through the use of milestones related to the content of the National Curriculum we are able to progress children through each phase of learning to the expected standard at the end of KS2.
- 3.2** We use the National Curriculum 2014 to support our teaching. We use the assessment guidance in these schemes to help us identify each child's expected standard of attainment.
- 3.3** We plan our lessons with clear learning objectives. We base these upon the teacher's detailed knowledge of each child. We strive to ensure that all tasks set are appropriate to each child's prior attainment and build on that. Our lesson plan make clear the expected outcomes for each lesson. We make a note of those individual children who do not achieve at the expected level for the lesson, and we use this information when planning for the next lesson.

4 Target setting

- 4.1** We set targets in mathematics and English for all our children during each academic year. We discuss individual targets where necessary and communicate these to parents. We review the progress of each child at least three times a year.
- 4.2** We also set targets for other areas of work in school. We encourage the children to set targets that are linked to their individual working habits. The targets set in English and Maths relate to the milestones which are kept for each child to refer to.
- 4.3** We ask our older children to review their targets with fellow pupils, because we believe that this encourages them to work together and share evidence of progress. We encourage the children to involve their parents in this process.

5 Recording

- 5.1** We recognise various methods of assessing a child's learning. The type of assessment that we make varies from subject to subject. We think that it is unnecessary to keep a formal record of all these assessments; we record only information that affects future learning.
- 5.2** We plan our lessons with clear learning objectives. After a lesson, we record only those pupils who have not yet met the learning objective, or who achieve more than was planned, so that we can take the needs of these pupils into account when planning for the next lesson or 'keep up' session. Where the majority of the class makes the planned progress, of course, there is no need to record this.
- 5.3** We take the objectives for individual lessons from the broad learning objectives within the school's curriculum plan. These in turn reflect the demands of the National Curriculum. Our teachers record the progress of each child against these broad objectives. This enables them to make a judgement about the work of each child in relation to the National Curriculum. This allows us to monitor the progress of each child. Each teacher passes this information on to the next teacher at the end of each year.

6 Reporting to parents

- 6.1** We have a range of strategies that keep parents fully informed of their child's progress in school. We encourage parents to contact the school if they have concerns about any aspect of their child's work.
- 6.2** In the Terms 2 and 4 we offer parents the opportunity to meet their child's teacher. At the first meeting of the school year we review the targets that we have identified for their child. At the second meeting of the year (which we hold at the end of term 4) we evaluate their child's progress as measured against the targets.
- 6.3** During term 6 we give all parents a written report of their child's progress and achievements during the year. In this report we also identify target areas for the next school year. We evaluate progress, effort and attainment in all subjects of the National Curriculum and on religious education. We welcome parental feedback. There is an opportunity for parents to speak to the class teacher if they have any questions about the written report.
- 6.4** In reports for pupils in Year 2 and Year 6 we also provide details of the attainment achieved in the national tests. Information is also given about Year 1 pupils' achievement in the phonics screening test.
- 6.5** We offer parents of pupils in Early Years the opportunity to discuss the results of the Early Years Foundation Stage Assessment with their child's teacher.
- 6.6** Each of our teachers gives parents a termly update that identifies the main areas of study for that particular class. In this update the teacher identifies how parents can support any elements of the work during the term.

7 Feedback to pupils

- 7.1** We believe that feedback to pupils is very important, as it tells them how well they have done and what they need to do next in order to improve their work. We have an agreed code for marking, as this ensures that we all mark in the same way.
- 7.2** We give children verbal feedback on their work whenever possible. We usually do this when the children are working during the lesson although we sometimes give feedback on a particular lesson at the beginning of the next one. When lesson time does not allow for verbal feedback, we write comments on the children's work during marking. We give written comments to children of all ages. We do not always aim these comments at the children; quite often we write something that is useful to both parents and teachers.
- 7.3** When we give written feedback to a child, we relate this to the learning objective for the lesson. By so doing we make clear whether the objective has been met and we produce evidence to support the judgement. If we consider that the objective has not been met, we make clear why this was the case. In both cases we identify what the child needs to do next in order to improve future work.
- 7.4** We encourage the children to make comments about their own work and the work of fellow pupils. We encourage pupils to be the first markers/editors of some pieces of work by using a purple pen.
- 7.5** We allow time at the beginning of each lesson for the children to absorb any comments written on their work. If it is impractical at the beginning of the lesson, we set aside other timetabled occasions for pupils to read and respond to marking. We do this to ensure that the time that our teachers spend marking really has an impact on the children's work.

8 Consistency

- 8.1** All subject leaders collect examples of children's work within their subject area. Subject leaders use the national exemplification materials to make judgements about the standard of the children's work, where appropriate. All our teachers discuss these standards, so that they have a common understanding of the expectations in each subject. By doing this we ensure that we make consistent judgements about standards in the school.
- 8.2** It is each subject leader's responsibility to ensure that the samples that they keep of children's work reflect the full range of ability within each subject. This is shown as WTS (working towards the standard), EXS (at the expected standard) and GDS (of a greater depth standard).
- 8.3** We work with our local secondary schools as we believe there should be a common understanding of standards right through the education process.

9 Monitoring and review

- 9.1** The Head of School is responsible for monitoring the implementation of this policy. The Head of School inspects samples of the children's work and observes the policy being implemented in the classroom.
- 9.2** Governors and the Head teachers also monitor the progress, achievement and attainment of pupils throughout their career at the school.